increase in economy and efficiency of operation. In addition to the principal statistics reported in the decennial censuses from 1871 to 1911, annual figures collected through the Census of Industry for the years 1921 to 1925 are included in Table 16, whilst live stock slaughtered at Canadian inspected establishments in 1925 and 1926 is shown in Table 17.

16.—Principal Statistics of the Slaughtering and Meat-packing Industry of Canada, by censal years, 1871 to 1925.

Description.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.1	1911.1
Establishments No Capital Invested \$ Employees No Salaries and Wages \$ Cost of Materials \$ Value of Products \$	193 419,325 841: 145,376 2,942,786 3,799,552	203 1,449,679 852 209,483 3,163,576 4,084,133	527 2,173,077 1,690 503,053 5,554,246 7,125,831	5,395,162 2,416 1,020,164 19,520,058 22,217,984	86 15,321,08 4,21 2,685,51 40,951,76 48,527,070
Description.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.
Establishments. No. Capital Invested. \$ Employees. No. Salaries and Wages. \$ Cost of Materials. \$ Value of Products. \$	84 58,459,555 9,711 13,547,778 113,389,835 153,136,289	56,710,481 9,800 12,366,896		10,046	10,709

Includes only establishments employing five hands and over.

17.—Live Stock slaughtered at Canadian Inspected Establishments, by months, 1825 and 1926.

Months.	1925.			1926.		
	Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine,	Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.
	No	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
anuary	60,415	19,310	335,418	64,226	25,666	282, 24
ebruary	48,624	11,172	245,440	53,402	16,686	199,97
Iarch	73.934	10,847	240.476	83,706	22,296	216.91
.pril	87, 197	13,341	219,884	90,630	15,036	203,8
(ay.,.,	\$6,003	10,674	210,073	100,093	11,391	203,48
une	75. 95 9	16,851	225.372	100,021	19,037	182,0
ulyi	73,801	31,272	168, 162	87,244	30.373	164.3
ugust	77,643	43.830	155,310	92.541	51.052	164.5
eptember	89,973	72,690	173,536	100,990	74,702	189,2
ctober	118,920	129, 283	208,502	110,746	113,389	216,7
lovember	100.644	89.578	224,359	124.499	119.940	263,5
December	82,701	41,856	235, 204	89,320	46,201	254,4
Total	975,814	490,704	2,641,731	1,097,418	545.769	2,491,47

Consumption of Animal Products.—The consumption of meats in Canada in 1926 is estimated at 708,494,927 pounds of beef, 727,143,775 pounds of pork and 88,060,396 pounds of mutton and lamb. The per capita consumption of beef on this basis amounts to 75.45 pounds; pork, 77.44 pounds; and mutton and lamb, 9.38 pounds, a total of 162.27 pounds of meats per capita per annum. The corresponding data for other animal products are as follows:—butter, 267,014,555 pounds and 28.43 pounds; cheese, 37,902,326 pounds and 4.04 pounds; eggs, 264,783,655 dozen and 28.20 dozen; and poultry, 90,212,585 pounds and 9.62 pounds. Details are given in Table 18.